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CONFIRMATION NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 554.RESP:103aUS_ 6643 Abir Mullick 09/881,258 06/14/2001 EXAMINER 04/20/2004 24041 HUYNH, KHOA D SIMPSON & SIMPSON, PLLC 5555 MAIN STREET PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT WILLIAMSVILLE, NY 14221-5406

DATE MAILED: 04/20/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			111
Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/881,258	MULLICK ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Khoa D. Huynh	3751	
The MAILING DATE of this communication		with the correspondence addre	SS
Period for Reply	DIVID OFT TO EVOIDE A	MONITURE FROM	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may . reply within the statutory minimum of the statutory minimum of the statutory minimum of the statutory minimum of the statutory are statutory at the statutory at the statutory at the statutory are statutory as the statutory at the statutory are statutory as the statut	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this comm ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.
Status			
1) \boxtimes Responsive to communication(s) filed on $\underline{0}$			
	This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allo			erits is
closed in accordance with the practice und	er <i>Ex parte Quayl</i> e, 1935 C	.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the application	tion.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>5-28</u> is/are withdr	rawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	nd/or ologion requirement		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	id/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam			
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐			
Applicant may not request that any objection to		·	4.4047.15
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co			
11) Ine oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner. Note the attack	led Office Action of format 10-	104.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for force a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum		. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
Certified copies of the priority document			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the		en received in this National Sta	age
application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a		ot received	
" See the attached detailed Office action for a	illist of the certified copies in	or received.	
Attachment(s)	Δ\	w Summary (PTO-413)	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)) Paper N	lo(s)/Mail Date	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SE Paper No(s)/Mail Date	3/08) 5) Notice of 6) Other: _	of Informal Patent Application (PTO-18	o2)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 2. Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the use of two support brackets (94) and of two support rails (20, 24), does not reasonably provide enablement for the use of one support bracket (as recited in claim 2) and of one support rail (as recited in claim 3). The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. In other word, applicant fails to disclose how the movable sink could be moved vertically using one support bracket (claim 2 calls for at least one support bracket) and horizontally using one support rail (claim 3 calls for at least one support rail). Such lack of detailed supports in the instant disclosure is an indication that the scope of the claims is not commensurate with the scope of the enabling disclosure.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claims 1-4, as presently understood and given a broadest reasonable interpretations, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maurer et al. (3530513).

Regarding claim 1, the Maurer et al. reference discloses a movable wall mounted dental unit or sink fixture (about 4, 38 & 36 in Fig. 1). The fixture includes a bowl or sink (at 4), means for moving the sink vertically (at 36) with respect to the wall, and means for moving the sink fixture horizontally (about 22 & 23) with respect to the wall. The horizontal moving means is operatively arranged to maintain "an <u>immutable</u> or a constant distance between the sink and the wall" (note: as schematically shown in Figure 1, the sink 4 is at a constant distance from the wall regardless of the sliding movement of the element 38 since the sliding movement of element 38 is independent from the location of the sink}. The Maurer et al. sink fixture also includes a "locking" feature which creates friction and keeps the fixture at the desired position (col. 3, lines 62-75; col. 4, lines 1-12).

Regarding claim 2, the means for moving the sink vertically further includes a support bracket (at 36) and a fixture base (at 38).

Regarding claim 3, the means for moving the sink horizontally further includes a pair of support rails (at 22 & 23) and a fixture base (at 38).

Regarding claim 4, the means for locking the sink at a desired location comprises a securing bolt assembly (col. 4, lines 1-12).

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Response to Amendment

5. Applicant's amendment to claim 1, filed on 02/05/2004, is not sufficient to overcome the prior art rejection as stated above.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to the pending claims 1-4 have been fully considered but are deemed not persuasive.

Regarding the 112 rejections of claim 2, applicant asserts "it is well within the knowledge of a person of ordinary skill in the art to fabricate a one-piece support bracket". The examiner is respectfully traversed.

First of all, applicant calls for the use of <u>one support bracket</u>, not a one-piece fabricated support bracket. And, last of all, it would not be appropriate for the applicant to say that it is a "common knowledge" of an artisan without the facts (teaching evidences) asserted to be well known. Applicant has also pointed to Figure 9 and taken a position that it is <u>well within the scope</u> of a person of ordinary skill in the art to make a one-piece bracket. However, as previously stated, applicant's reliance on "common knowledge", without any fact or specific documentary evidence, to support an obviousness is clearly an erroneous position.

Regarding the 112 rejections of claim 3, applicant similarly asserts that "it is well within the knowledge of a person of ordinary skill in the art to construct a sink fixture support by a single support rail performing the same function as support rails 20 and 24". The examiner is respectfully traversed.

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The examiner courtesy points out that it would not be appropriate for the applicant to say that it is a "common knowledge" of an artisan without the supporting facts (teaching evidences) asserted to be well known. Even though applicant has pointed to Figure 18, showing a single beam 240, and taken a position that it is well within the scope of a person of ordinary skill in the art to make a single support rail to support sink fixture 90 and maintain a constant distant between the sink and the wall; however, Figure 18 shows an embodiment that is non-elected and different from the elected embodiment as depicted in Figure 9. Figure 18 shows a different mounting support for the sink fixture, and to say that such mounting structure is analogous and obvious to the to supports rails 20 and 24 without any explicit basis is clearly erroneous. Furthermore, regarding the Heineken reference, similarly, the examiner respectfully submits that the Heineken reference teaches a different mounting support for a sink fixture and does not teach or suggest that the single support rail b can perform the same function as supports rails 20 and 24. Therefore, obviousness cannot be established.

Regarding the 103 rejection, the crux of applicant's arguments is that Maurer et al. does not teach or disclose "means for moving the sink fixture horizontally with respect to the wall and maintaining <u>an immutable</u> distant between the sink and the wall". See Remarks section. The examiner respectfully disagrees.

First of all, the word "immutable" is deemed not to change the scope of the claim.

Immutable, as indicated in the thesaurus (see attached cited documents), is equivalent to invariable. And invariable defines, as indicated in the dictionary (see attached cited

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documents), as "not changing or capable of change" or "constant". Therefore, the amended claim 1 has not changed in scope.

And last of all, the Maurer et al. reference teaches a movable sink fixture having "means for moving the sink fixture horizontally with respect to the wall." The means for moving the sink fixture horizontally includes a pair of support bars (22 & 23). The sink (4) is located on a fixture base (38) which carriers the sink fixture and moves in horizontally (sliding motion) directions on the pair of support bars (22 & 23). As schematically shown in Figure 1, the sink 4 is at a constant or an immutable distance from the wall regardless of the sliding movement of the element 38 since the sliding movement of element 38 is independent from the location of the sink.

Therefore, the Maurer et al. reference does implicitly teach a sink fixture having "the horizontal moving means operatively arranged to maintain an immutable distance between the sink and the wall" as claimed.

Conclusion

7. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Khoa D. Huynh whose telephone number is (703) 306-5483. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:00-4:30) Second Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gregory Huson can be reached on (703) 308-2580. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

HK 04/15/2004

> GREGORY L. HUSON SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700